The world as you’ve never seen it

At a glance you can see who’s got the most of what

WEALTH

Purchasing power is represented by what can be bought in the territory where the money is earned. It is cheaper to live in some places than in others. Taking differences in local costs into consideration, this map shows that 46% of world wealth, adjusted for purchasing power, is in North America and Western Europe. The region with the most purchasing power per person is North America, Japan and Western Europe. The least is Sub-Saharan Africa.

HOW IT WORKS: Worldmapper is a collection of world maps created by the University of Sheffield, UK. Each map deals with a subject, such as wealth, crime or HIV. The shape of a country shrinks or swells according to its rate of deal with a subject, such as wealth, crime or HIV. The shape of a country shrinks or swells according to its rate of

HIV PREVALENCE

Territory size shows the proportion of all HIV-infected people worldwide aged 15-49 living there. The territories with the highest HIV prevalences are in Central and South Eastern Africa. These maps are intended to be an eye-opener to reality.

The free-to-use web cartogram system, launched this month, is a painful but effective wake-up call to decision makers in developed countries. It is a new way of looking at the world and it’s clear that — said: “One look at this new representation of the world and it’s clear that —

WAR DEATHS

The region with the most violent deaths worldwide was South America, followed by Southeastern Africa and Northern Africa. There were relatively few territories where many violent deaths occurred. The territories where the most violent deaths occurred were Colombia, Sierra Leone and South Africa. The territories where the most violent deaths occurred were Brazil and India, each with more than 57,000 that year. The region with the most violent deaths was South America, followed by Southeastern Africa and Northern Africa.

VIOLENT DEATHS

Territory size shows the proportion of all violent deaths worldwide that occurred there in 2002. The violent deaths include murder and manslaughter, but exclude deaths due to war. In 2002 more than half a million people died violent deaths. The territories where the highest rate of violent deaths were Colombia, Indonesia, Colombia, Sudan, India and Brazil.

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How the maps were created

NEWSPAPER

Each map shows the proportion of deaths worldwide directly attributable to war and conflict in 2002. There were an estimated 267,000 deaths that year. Most territories registered one or two deaths in war that year: 1.2 people per 1000. Territories that counted the most deaths in their region as a result of war that year: 1.2 people per 1000. Territories that counted the most deaths in their region as a result of war that year: 1.2 people per 1000.

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