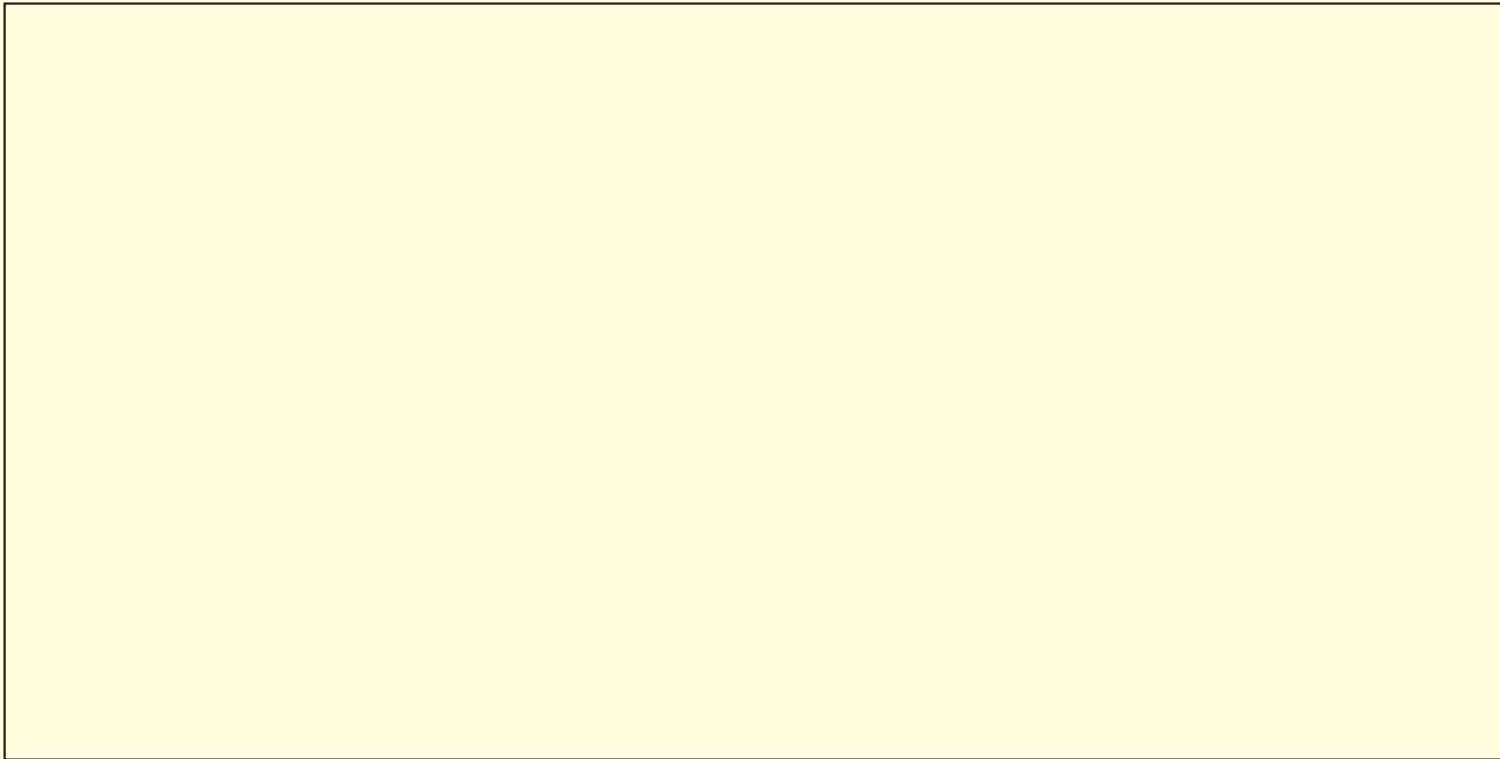


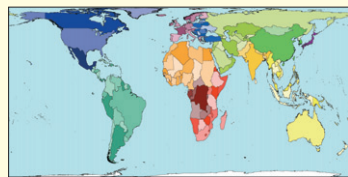
Basic Sanitation



Basic sanitation means access to pit latrines or toilets linked to a cesspit, but not to a sewerage system. These might be private or shared. Almost half (48%) of the world population use this type of sanitation.

Those who do not have access to basic sanitation either have poor sanitation facilities, or are linked to a mains sewerage system. Of the populations of Rwanda and the United Kingdom, 7% have access to basic sanitation. In Rwanda 92% have no access to good toilets; in the United Kingdom 92% of people have access to toilets that are attached to mains sewerage systems.

Territory size shows the proportion of people living with access to basic sanitation that live there. Basic sanitation includes pit latrines and toilets with cesspits, but not those linked to mains sewerage systems.



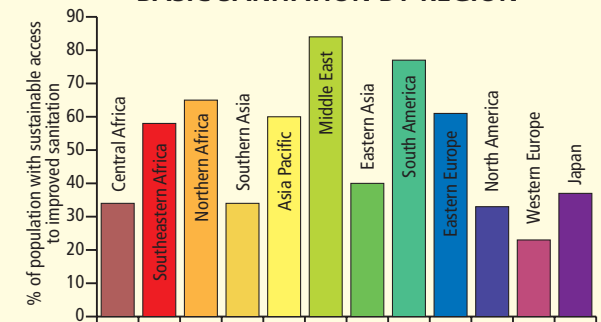
Land area

MOST AND LEAST RELIANCE ON BASIC SANITATION

Rank	Territory	Value	Rank	Territory	Value
21	Comoros	97	191	Eritrea	12
21	Egypt	97	192	Ethiopia	11
21	Cuba	97	193	Denmark	10
24	Grenada	96	194	Germany	9
24	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	96	195	United Kingdom	7
26	St Vincent & The Grenadines	95	196	Rwanda	7
26	Thailand	95	197	Sweden	6
26	Chile	95	198	Luxembourg	4
26	Saint Kitts & Nevis	95	199	Switzerland	3
30	Antigua & Barbuda	94	200	Netherlands	1

percentage of the population with sustainable access to improved sanitation but not sewerage 2000/02*

BASIC SANITATION BY REGION



Technical notes

- Data are from the United Nations Development Programme's 2004 Human Development Report.
- *In 20 territories more than 97% of the population use basic sanitation facilities.
- Basic sanitation includes pit latrines and toilets linked to cesspits, but not to mains sewerage.
- See website for further information.

“Are we to decide the importance of issues by asking how fashionable or glamorous they are? Or by asking how seriously they affect how many?”

Nelson Mandela, 2002