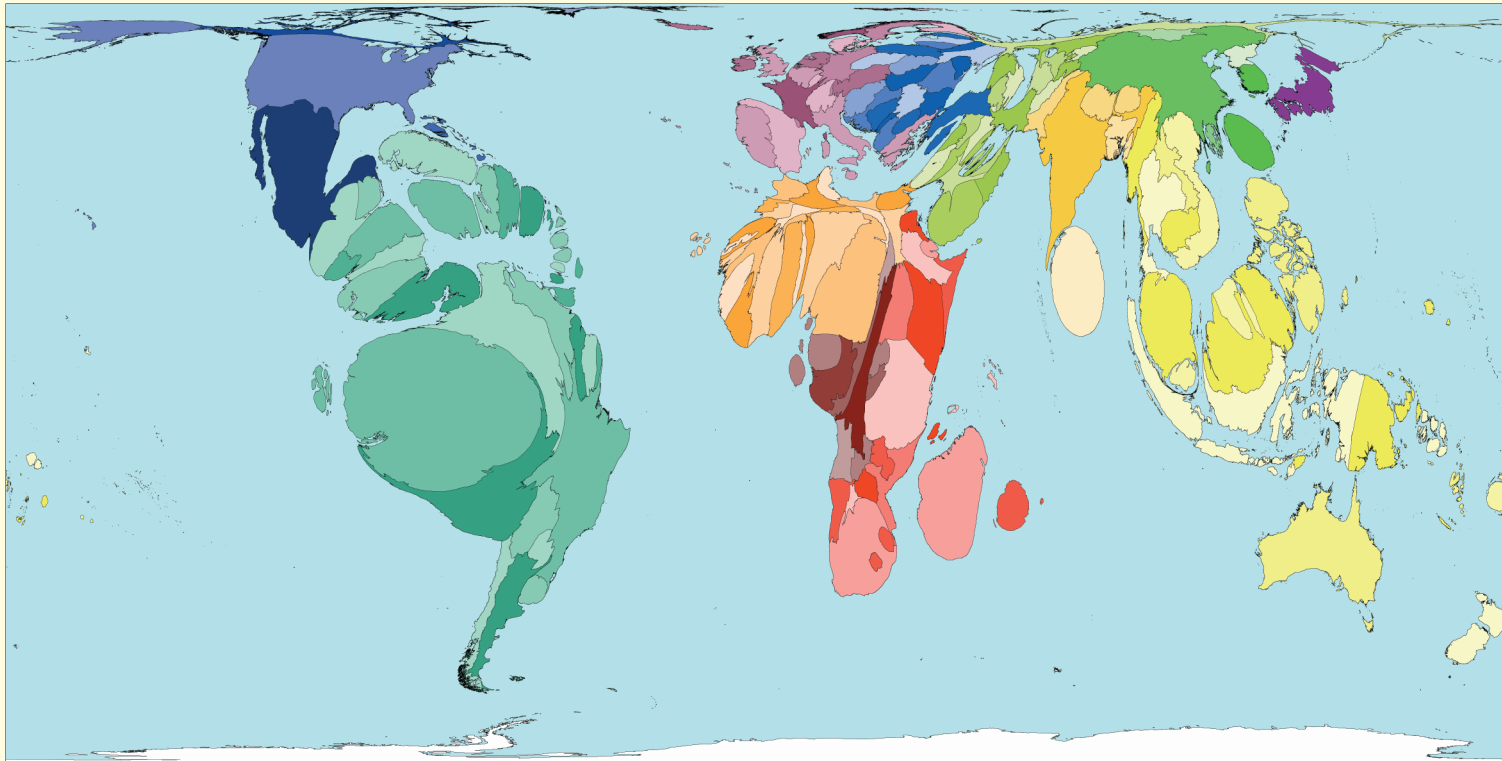


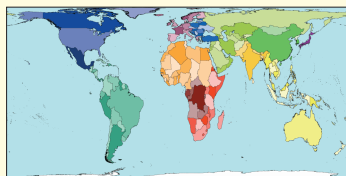
Species at Risk



Species at risk are all those considered critically endangered, endangered or vulnerable by the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources. In 2004, 15,503 species were assessed as at risk of worldwide extinction. Mapped here are animals and plants assessed as being locally at risk of extinction.

The islands of Mauritius and Madagascar have the most at risk species living there as a proportion of all local species assessed. The highest counts of species at risk are in Ecuador, the United States and Malaysia. In Ecuador 2151 species including many plants and 163 amphibians were classed as 'at risk'.

Territory size shows the proportion of animal and plant species assessed as at risk of local extinction, that are found there.



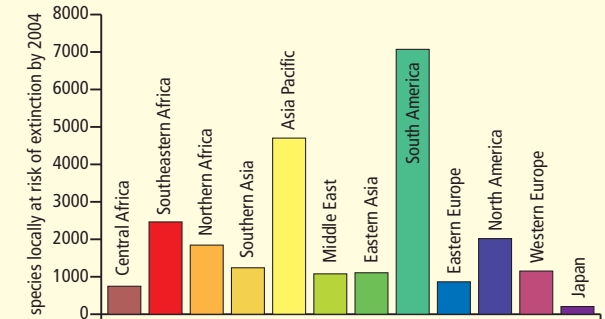
Land area

MOST AND FEWEST SPECIES LOCALLY AT RISK OF EXTINCTION

Rank	Territory	Value	Rank	Territory	Value
1	Mauritius	471	189	Andorra	31.3
2	Madagascar	443	190	Chad	30.3
3	Ecuador	431	191	Estonia	30.1
4	Sri Lanka	395	192	Gambia	29.8
5	Jamaica	382	193	Central African Republic	29.6
6	Cuba	373	194	Luxembourg	27.4
7	Malaysia	349	195	Liechtenstein	26.3
8	Philippines	345	196	Niger	23.6
9	Fiji	341	197	Botswana	19.3
10	United States	335	198	Burkina Faso	17.7

animal and plant species at risk of local extinction per 1000 of all species assessed in 2004*

SPECIES LOCALLY AT RISK



Technical notes

- Data are from the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources 2006 Red List of Threatened Species.
- *Denominator is 1000 local animal and plant species assessed for Threatened Species criteria. 2 very small territories had no species at risk, they were San Marino and Holy See.
- See website for further information.

“After years of destruction the monkey puzzle tree is now found in two small areas in the Andes and on the coastal mountain range.”

Cristian Echeverría, 2003