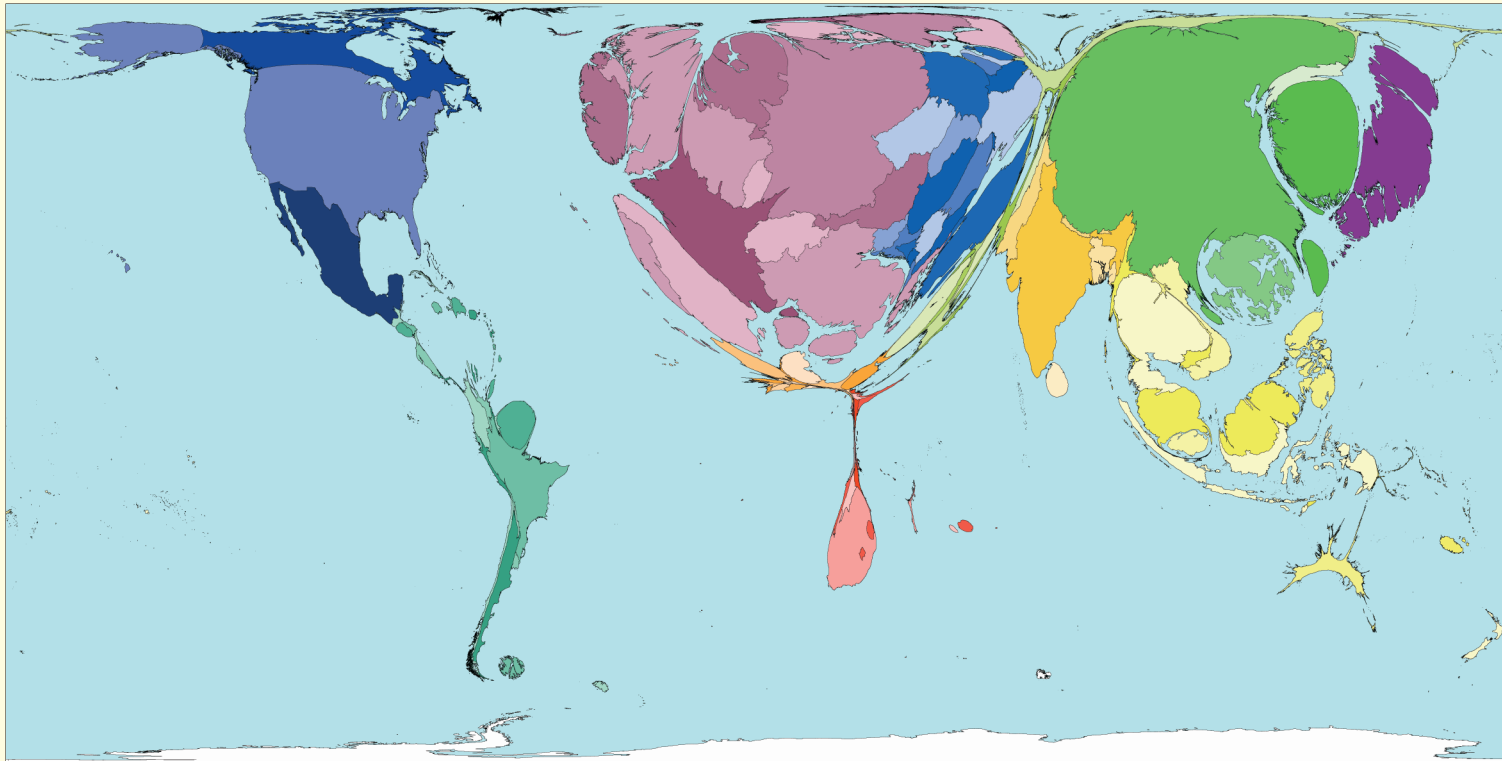


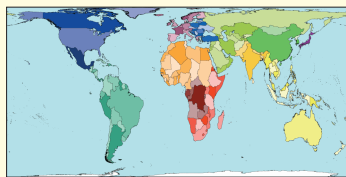
Secondary Exports 2002



In 2002 secondary exports made up 71% of the value of the worldwide exports of all goods and services. On the islands of Cape Verde and Malta 96% of all goods export earnings were from secondary goods. Secondary exports from Nigeria, at the other extreme, were calculated to be 1% of the value of all Nigerian exports.

Between 1990 and 2002, the value of all secondary exports has more than doubled. The proportion of worldwide earnings in Western Europe has decreased whilst the Chinese proportion has increased. Both areas remain major exporters of secondary goods.

Territory size shows the proportion of the value of all secondary exports in 2002 that came from there. This is measured in US\$ by Purchasing Power Parity, meaning that the values reflect the local cost of living.



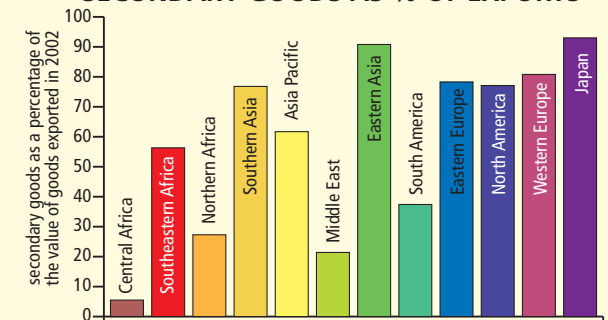
Land area

HIGH AND LOWEST RELIANCE ON EXPORTS OF SECONDARY GOODS IN 2002

Rank	Territory	Value	Rank	Territory	Value
1	Cape Verde	96	190	Tonga	4
1	Malta	96	192	Niger	3
3	Hong Kong (China)	95	192	Rwanda	3
4	Japan	93	192	Sudan	3
4	Switzerland	93	195	Algeria	2
4	Israel	93	195	Papua New Guinea	2
7	Republic of Korea	92	195	Gabon	2
7	Bangladesh	92	198	Burundi	1
9	Botswana	91	198	Belize	1
11	Taiwan	91	200	Nigeria	1

secondary exports as a percentage of the value of total merchandise exported in 2002*

SECONDARY GOODS AS % OF EXPORTS



Technical notes

- Data are sourced from the United Nations Development Programme's 2004 Human Development Report.
- *Data is estimated for territories that were missing data, these territories are not shown in the table. Democratic People's Republic of Korea is also rank 11; United Arab Emirates is also rank 190.
- See website for further information.

“China is aiming to lift the value of its vehicle and auto parts exports to 120 billion U.S. dollars, or 10 percent of the world’s total vehicle trading volume in the next 10 years ...”

Wei Jianguo, 2007