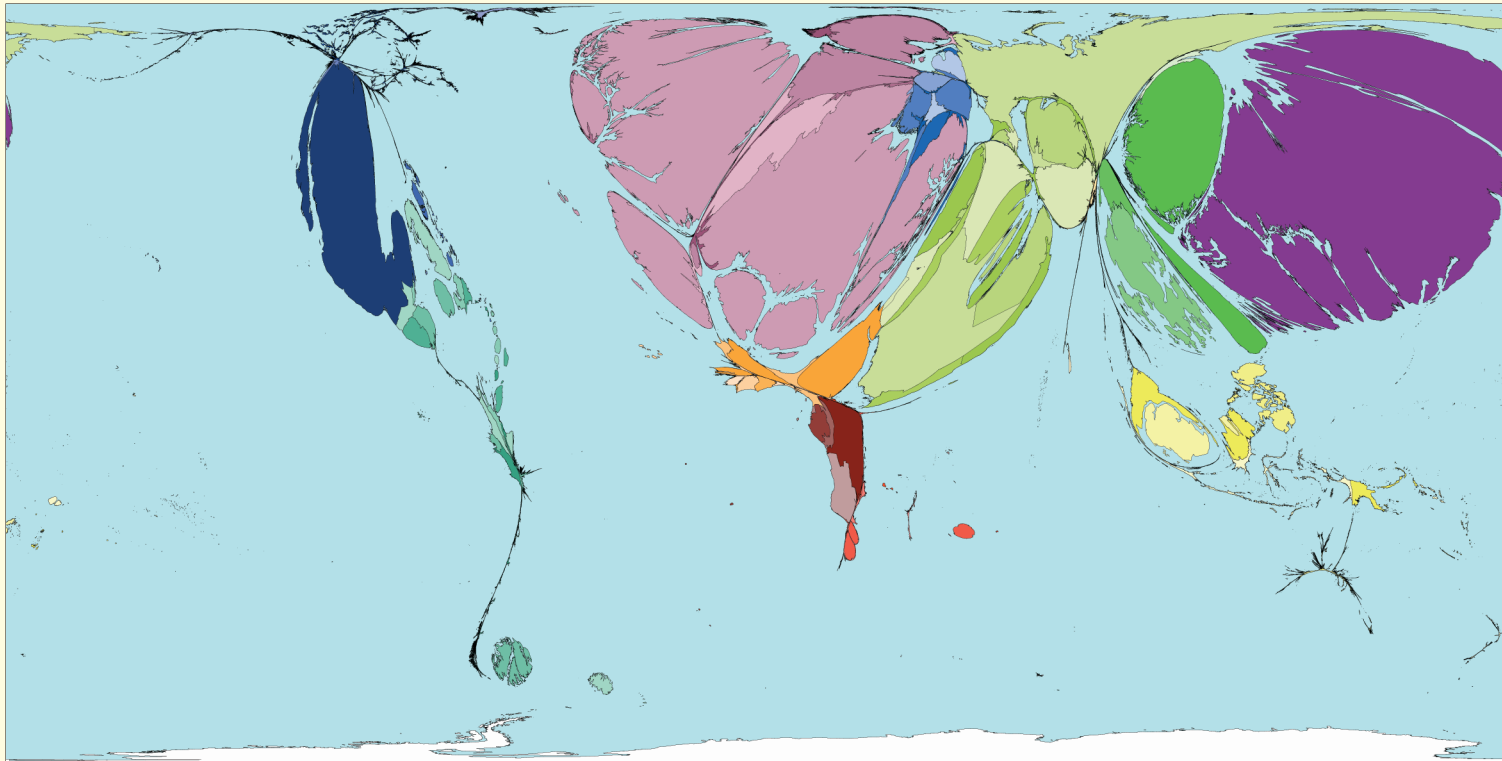


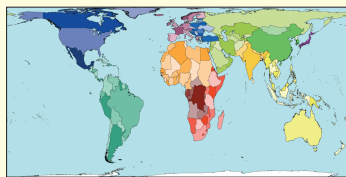
# Meat Imports



If everybody living in Andorra spent the same amount on net meat imports, they would each spend US\$405 annually. Whilst this is the highest per person spending in the world, Andorra has a relatively small population. It is Japan that brings in the highest absolute total net meat imports, accounting for a quarter of the world total.

Japan (the only territory that is an entire region) has the highest regional imports, of the five regions that do have net meat imports. Northern Africa has the lowest. When comparing net regional totals Japan accounts for half of net meat imports by value.

Territory size shows the proportion of worldwide net imports of meat (in US\$) that are received there. Net imports are imports minus exports. When exports are larger than imports the territory is not shown.



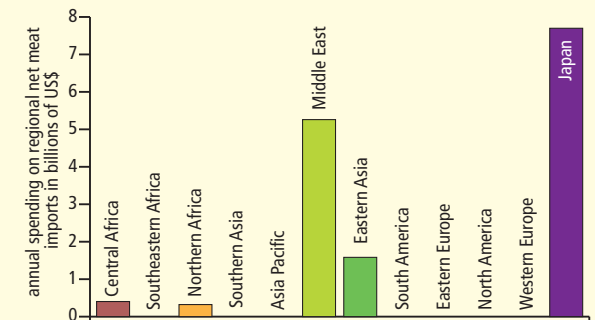
Land area

## MOST AND LEAST US\$ OF NET MEAT IMPORTS

Rank	Territory	Value	Rank	Territory	Value
1	Andorra	405	129	Uganda	0.03
2	Tuvalu	248	130	Central African Republic	0.03
3	Greenland	242	131	Rwanda	0.03
4	Bahamas	196	132	Zambia	0.03
5	Luxembourg	192	133	Madagascar	0.02
6	Cook Islands	175	134	United Republic Tanzania	0.02
7	Qatar	158	135	Burundi	0.02
8	Niue	151	136	Nigeria	0.02
9	Hong Kong (China)	148	137	Nepal	0.01
10	Saint Lucia	143	138	Mali	<0.01

annual US\$ worth of net meat imports per person living in that territory\*

## REGIONAL NET MEAT IMPORTS



### Technical notes

- Data source: United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, 2002.
- \*There were no net meat imports recorded for 62 territories.
- Meat can be transported fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, smoked, dried, or otherwise preserved. Meat can also be transported as live animals.
- See website for further information.

*“Throughout history, the ubiquitous chicken has maintained an important and constant presence in many cultures worldwide.”*

Kay Chin, 2001