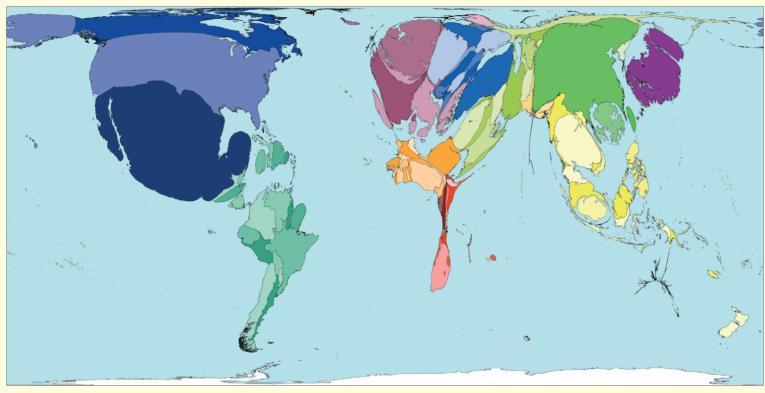
## **Finance and Insurance Imports**





Of the 200 territories in the world, 83.5% are net importers of insurance and finance services. Insurance can be taken against risks to many things, ranging from freight insurance to life insurance. Financial services are those services provided by banks, stock exchanges, credit card enterprises, and similar institutions.

Mexico, the United States and China import the highest values of insurance and finance services (US\$ net). Canada imports the fourth highest value of these services. That three of the four biggest importers are North American territories explains why the region of North America is also a net importer.

Territory size shows the proportion of worldwide net imports of finance and insurance services (in US\$) that are received there. Net imports are imports minus exports. When exports are larger than imports the territory is not shown.

REGIONAL NET FINANCE AND INSURANCE EXPORTS



Land area

- Technical notes
- Data source: United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, 2002.
  \*There were no net finance and insurance services
- imports recorded for 33 territories.
- See website for further information.

## MOST AND LEAST US\$ OF NET FINANCE AND INSURANCE IMPORTS

Rank

158

159

160

161

162

164

163

165

166

167

Territory

Ethiopia

Lesotho

Georgia

Nepal

Bhutan

Burund

Sudan

Malawi

Madagascar

United Republic of Tanzania

Rank	Territory	Value
1	Antigua & Barbuda	178
2	Singapore	101
3	Hong Kong (China)	85
4	Netherlands	77
5	Saint Kitts & Nevis	71
6	Belize	69
7	Guyana	63
8	Canada	63
9	Czech Republic	58
10	Israel	58

## Value 0.33 0.27 0.22 Value Value

0.20

0.20

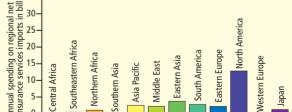
0.08

0.08

0.01

0.01

< 0.01



US\$ worth of finance and insurance imports per person living in that territory\*

"Egyptian culture still wrestles with the idea of investing money in something with no tangible returns. Insurers need to not only promote their policies but the idea of insurance itself." Sherine Abdel-Razek, 2005

www.worldmapper.org © Copyright 2006 SASI Group (University of Sheffield) and Mark Newman (University of Michigan)